

Salt Lake Union Weekly.
MONDAY MORNING, AUG. 11, 1865

Mormon Conventionists and General Contractors.

For three years past, the task of procuring supplies for the troops in Utah has been attended with difficulties such as few can comprehend not familiar, by experience, with the obstacles to be overcome and the circumstances of the situation. Located among a people who did not disguise their hostility to the presence of national forces in their midst, who viewed their coming with manifest distrust and were, beyond question, merely quiescent in disloyalty, the condition was a kind of limbo between a community composed of friends and one of undisguised enemies, without the advantages of either. Purchases could not be made freely as in the one case, nor forced contributions levied as in the other.

The Mormon leaders, as usual, made the most of this state of affairs. Scarcely were the troops located on the plateau near the city, at least as soon as Brigham could put the thing in working order, a plan was inaugurated to compel those in the Government service to pay exorbitant and purely arbitrary prices for all articles of necessary consumption. An edict went forth forbidding the sale of agricultural products except at a scale of prices fixed beforehand by the Church cormorants. This was the first combination to extort from the Government, and at a time when the Nation could ill afford extravagance, which came under our observation in Utah, and very naturally begot a spirit of resistance to such outrage on the part of those in whose hands were placed the interests of the Government in this Territory.

Gentile influence at that time was a nonentity here and a policy was adopted intended to foster its growth by the bestowal of judicious patronage, as well as by other means looking to the development of the mines. But in no instance were the obligations of any contract permitted to be fulfilled when it was in the power of Mormon patriots to prevent it. The means used to compass this end it is not necessary to rehearse. They are familiar to all three year residents and, what with Tabernacle harangues, tithing-office fiats, and "conventions," were very generally successful to a degree. The rigid economy used in awarding contracts and of the dog-in-the-manger policy of the Church authorities, between them, generally left the profits of contractors, on the wrong side of the ledger, but, from recent developments, it would seem that the fraternities are by no means disposed to be content with a single discomfiture, as they return to the charge most valorously and, this time, evidently inspired with a determination to get even on all former misfortunes with a perfect vengeance.

It would seem that in attempting to encourage an element in Utah capable of coping with Mormon monopolies a creature has been developed if possible, even more insatiably rapacious than that which was sought to be crippled or destroyed. No combination set on foot by Brigham Young to defraud the Government which has come under our cognizance was ever characterized by a more flagrant violation of every principle of fair dealing, than distinguished the raid recently attempted on the Commissary Department, which has furnished food for comment, not the most flattering, during several days past. The whole affair was simply shameful. It was a direct effort to defraud the Government out of some forty thousand dollars, more or less, and was in every particular as reprehensible as anything of the kind the Mormons have ever done. The latter showed a shrewd wisdom, which we cannot help to admire, in holding themselves aloof from the disgraceful scramble.

We have said some hard things

against the Saintly leaders now—harder, since they were true—and whenever we find others, be they Jew or Gentile, emulating their baseness, we shall have the same weapons for them and shall not hesitate to use them. Somehow it seems to be considered by many perfectly legitimate to plunder the Government—we do not so consider it and will not remain silent when we see it attempted. A wholesome lesson should be given to these unscrupulous gentry who hold to such a mercenary creed, and they should be taught that neither Mormon conventionists nor other self-hucksters, would-be contractors of whatever name, can form illegal combinations to overreach the agents of the Government without incurring the penalties, or practice the species of legerdemain recently essayed, with impunity. Men of strict integrity will not attempt such tricks, and those who do, deserve to be looked upon with suspicion by all with whom they deal. Above all should those who have future contracts to award take counsel of this transaction and see that all engaged therein be watched with a keen eye hereafter. What consideration is one class or creed entitled to more than another if not found more deserving? Ah! however widely they may differ in their points of faith, the greed of unlawful gain is common to them all, and you have but to show them the carcass when these creatures of prey, wolf, buzzard and vulture, all flock and troop to the feast of carrion.

The True Policy.

The account of the late Indian fight in Paradise Valley, which appeared in the Humboldt (Nev.) Register, of August 5th, contains the following sentiment, and in our opinion if carried out, will prove the only successful policy, or we may be compelled to accept the alternative of a tame submission to their cruelty and barbarity.

"No prisoners were taken in this fight. It was conducted on the system proved by the history of all our border troubles, to be the only correct method of quieting Indians—killing them as fast as you can lay hands on them. The Indian nature as developed on the frontiers, is devoid of gratitude and of susceptibility to humanizing influences. Be kind to them, and they think you fear them; and they grow insolent in proportion as you treat them well. Shoot them down, scourge them with sabre and brand, till they cringe, and beg for their lives, and you command, the Indians regard; and may get along with him. Extermination! that is the word: it should be the Shibboleth of all Indian hunters."

How indisputably has experience taught us the truth of the above. We were strongly reminded of the absolute necessity of the adoption of the course which we endorse by an incident which occurred yesterday.

The quiet order of the camp was interrupted by the furious riding through it of an Indian on a pony—both bare-backed, horse and rider, who halted in front of District Headquarters and asked for Col. George. The Colonel seeing the Indian in a state of intoxication (for he was indeed very drunk) ordered him to leave camp immediately, or he would take care of him.

The Indian mounted his horse and "Upon the hint he spoke" saying, "No good" "By G-d," "me join Snake" and immediately rode off at full speed. Now somebody is to blame for selling (or giving) liquor to this Indian, and it is somebody's duty to find out where he procured it, without "speaking from the book," we opine, that in future a repetition of the offence will result in an investigation as to the cause of it and invoke a punishment on the offender that will lead to results which will prevent its future occurrence. We merely allude to this as an additional evidence, corroborative of the sentiment noticed above, that treaties, kindness, gifts etc., are not as effectual in protecting emigration from the barbarities of the Indians on the Plains, as the punishing of them sufficiently to make them fear you, and as we are confident it is the intention of the General who has the whole matter now in his hands. Let no one condemn him for any severity he may be compelled to exercise in ridding this country of the greatest barrier to its advancement in the scale of civilization. From all accounts we shall soon hear of his teaching them a lesson which will prove a "First Class Reader" to the "Primer" of Bear River.

JAMES STRICK, the well known telegraph man, is expected on the next steamer at San Francisco, to commence the new-overland telegraph line, on the 36th parallel of latitude, through Arizona and New Mexico.

Attempt to Assassinate.

G. S. L. Cirr, August 13, 1865.
Editor Daily Union Weekly.—I beg leave to make the following statement with regard to an outrage perpetrated in Salt Lake City, on Thursday evening, 17th inst., between 8 and 9 o'clock.

For some days I had been confined to my room suffering from neuralgia. Mr. Lees called to spend an hour with me on the above named evening. While sitting up at the foot of my bed conversing with Mr. Lees, my head resting on my left hand and in line with the open door, Mr. Lees a little in advance and to the left, also opposite the door, two stones, one weighing about two pounds and the other about one, were hurled with great force through the open door; the former barely missing Mr. Lees' head and the latter mine, and smashing a door leading to the rear of my study. The stones were hurled with such violence and evident deadly intent as to warrant the conclusion that the outrage was the act of an athletic arm and assassin's heart.

NORMAN MCLEON.

I hereby certify that the above statement is correct. S. S. LEES.

We have taken pains to examine the evidences of murderous intent on the part of the persons who did this dastardly deed and are satisfied that had either of the gentlemen, whose lives were sought, been hit, the blow must have proved instantly fatal, and that neither missile could have missed its mark by more than fingers breadth. These gentlemen are both exemplary citizens and with out offence to any upright man—why then are their lives thus attempted to be taken under cover of darkness? The answer is easy. Mr. Lees is an apostate Mormon—is possessed of many secrets of the Church which are desirable should he keep secrets—what business has he to be found in confidential consultation with a minister of what the Saints (?) are pleased to call "a new religion"? He has "broken his covenants" and the oaths of the Endowment House permit not, may bind, all others who remain faithful to stay him for his apostacy. Many who know little of human depravity perchance may doubt the truth of this, but it is nevertheless true, as we will undertake to prove at any time beyond the possibility of cavil. Poor fools! what do they think to accomplish by killing off one or more of their opponents, standing on the vantage ground of truth, or of others who have released themselves, in defiance of the assassin's stroke, from the thrall that enslaved their very souls? Providentially they were this time foiled but had they not been, it would have been worse for them. The terrier of the Telegraph affects to see something funny in the affair, and wags his tail greatly but he and all his kind will find that it is not the same offense for a Mormon to kill a Gentile that it is for a cow to trespass on the garden of a neighbor, and the offense will not be tried in the same court. We don't think assassination is the wisest policy for the Saints to pursue just now, for we tell them that every drop of innocent blood they shed will cry from the ground for speedy vengeance and not in vain. Men have been killed on their own thresholds and are now in Salt Lake City for similar offenses, but the day of impunity is passed forever—and we tell them this in all seriousness. They will find that midnight murder is no laughing matter, by and by, much as the Prophet affects to sneer the law to scorn.

TIME FOR MATRIMONY.—Among the ancient Germans, whom than a finer race never existed, it was death for any woman to marry before she was twenty years old. In this country, very few women are fit, either physically or mentally, to become mothers before they reach the age of twenty. The unsound condition and constitution of the parent is usually transmitted, with increased intensity, to the offspring. By the laws of Lycurgus, the most special attention was paid to the physical education of women; and no delicate or sickly women were, on any account, allowed to marry. Dr. Johnson, in his work on Economy of Health, says that matrimony should not be contracted before the first year of the fourth septennial on the part of the lady, nor before the last year of the same in the case of the gentleman; in other words, the female should be at least twenty-one years of age, and the male twenty-eight years. The doctor says, that there should be a difference of seven years between the sexes, at whatever period of life the connection is contracted. There is a difference of seven years, not in the actual duration of life in the two sexes, but in the stamina of the constitution, the symmetry of the form, and the lineaments of the face. In respect to early marriage, so far as it concerns the softer sex, for every year at which marriage is entered upon before the age of twenty-one, there will be, on an average, three years of premature decay, more or less apparent, of the corporeal fabric.

A cousin of Jeff Davis is in New York preparing for the trial of the arch-rebel. Charles O'Connor is to have the lead in the defense, upon which it is said he enters with great gusto, intending to make it the leading forensic effort of his life. A press correspondent says: "Quite a number of the prominent members of the bar are engaged on 'points' which are to enter into the defense, two of which are these: First, that Davis owed allegiance to his State; her laws, her processes and commands must be obeyed; and if a collision exists between the State and General Government individuals cannot be punished—it must be settled by the authorities. Second, that the Federal Government, by proclamation, by laws, by exchange of prisoners, etc., have recognized, over and over again, the rebels as belligerents, which entitles all the rebel Government to the rights of belligerents."

M. S. RANSOHOFF & CO'S COLUMN.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

Summer and Fall Trade.

Ahead

Of all the Rest!

SIECEL & CO.

Corner East Temple and Theater streets,

Salt Lake City.

Wholesale & Retail

DEALERS

Staple and fancy

Dry Goods,

Latest style

Dress Goods

MILLINERY GOODS

TRIMMINGS,

NOTIONS,

Also

Boots and Shoes,

GAITERS,

BALMORALS &c.

For all sexes and ages.

Latest modes

LADIES' HATS,

GENTS' & YOUTH'S

HATS & CAPS.

GENTS' CLOTHING

and

Furnishing Goods,

Fancy and Staple

Groceries.

The finest

TEAS!

Ever brought to Utah.

—0—

Also

Hardware,

Glass and

Chinaware,

Perfumery,

—And—

Fancy Articles,

School Books,

Paper and Stationery.

—0—

This new Stock was purchased in the east when gold was at its very lowest, thus enabling us to

Defy Competition,

At

Wholesale and Retail

—0—

The highest Price paid for

Produce.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.,

East Temple Street,

Aug 9th M. S. City.

GILBERT & SONS

COLUMN.

NEW GOODS!

SUMMER & FALL.

GILBERT & SONS,
East Temple street,
Salt Lake City.

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK

General Merchandise,

DRY GOODS,

Staple and fancy

Groceries

Farming Utensils,

Miners' Utensils,

Cutlery,

Perfumery,

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

Glass and Queensware

School Books,

Stationery,

And an

IMMENSE ASSORTMENT

OF

LADIES' FANCY GOODS,

Notions, etc.

Unparalleled in amount and variety

by purchases of any previous

year.

Wholesale and Retail

Customers are invited to call and

judge for themselves, before

purchasing elsewhere in

Utah.

Clothing,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes, etc.

for Men's, Women's and Children's

Wear.

Country Produce.

Of all kinds wanted and liked

price paid.

Aug 11th

The Daily Saloon Advertiser

Local and Miscellaneous.

It's hard to reflect much, when
of love and peace thou'ret sweetly singing;
but diamond be thy point, my pea,
When crime's dumb bells are round thee ring.

MISSES ELLIS & BROTHERS' storerooms
are now rearranged and replenished with
all sorts of stock.

The Brother Johnathan was the old
steamer Commodore cut down, and
must have been of age—21 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Selden M. Irwin, of dramatic
popularity, are reported to be en
route here from Boise and Idaho.

Some fellow thinks that houses ought
to be exceedingly affectionate in this
city—since rents are about as dear as
they can be!

Governor Goodwin, of Arizona, intends to resign his Governorship and become a candidate for Congress. The heat of the desert is said to be terrible.

PRENTICE of the Louisville Journal says, "Never buy goods of those who don't advertise. They sell so little that they have to sell dear." That's a fact.

Mr. MEERS, dealer in jewelry, &c., has removed to his nice, new quarters, south of the New York store, and is opening out with a sweet assortment of San Francisco styles.

EASTERN capitalists are looking towards Colorado, to see if things are favorable, preparatory to building furnaces, rolling mills, machine shops, and going into a general iron business.

It is currently reported, says the Folsom Telegraph, that the Messrs. Robinsons have sold out their entire interests in the Sacramento Valley Railroad, to George F. Bragg and Louis McLane.

At Washoe, last week, a German and his new bride were kept awake by a barbarous serenade until he gave the musicians fifty dollars, which they propose to donate to the school fund.

"Short hairs," "Long hairs," and "Primaries," are terms greatly used in the political parlance of California papers, at the present. A precious system of "skullduggery" seems to rage there now.

I. O. G. T.—On account of many members of Camp Douglas Lodge, I. O. G. T., being desirous to attend the Theater on Tuesday evening next, the regular meeting will be held this (Monday) night.

THOMAS HARDY, who gave \$5,000 to the Sanitary Fund last year, is the Union nominee for Senator in Calaveras county. So says the Sacramento Bee. How unique and shrewd that style of stating it—for electioneering effect.

EVERYBODY is anxious to have a daily or tri-weekly mail from Denver and the East, once more. Gold, Jeff Davis and a dozen other items are interesting to be heard from, while the lightning line is down. The last date from the east was July 28th.

A FELLOW walked the main streets of Montana's capital, the other day, attracting much attention because he wore his hair in a net—old fashion. It was his own, too, which is more than many of the ladies nowadays can boast of their baggish affidavits ycleped "waterfalls."

SIX programme for to-morrow, Tuesday evening, at the Salt Lake Theater. Sheridan Knowles' Play of Love is a sterling favorite in both hemispheres, and by Mrs. Hayne, Waldron and the Potter Troupe, will prove a perfect treat.

We would like to see Julia Dean and others of the Potter Troupe play here, in town and camp, this fall and winter. No better field is there for first rate acting, especially as an immigration of military and miners is sure to come, to make the project a big paying success.

Speaking of politics on the Pacific, the F. & M. Mining Press plainly talks as follows:

The fifth pool of politics in this State, seems to be stirred up from its very base. The manner in which the present canvas is being carried on, is disgusting to every manly instinct.

Quick Work.—In Washoe City, a few days since, a woman was divorced from her husband in the morning and married a widower editor the same night. The affair was evidently cut and dried, and the parties didn't need much schooling to enable the performance to go off smoothly.

So accustomed to exciting war-news, from day to day, the year past, it makes most people unsatisfied nowadays to read newspapers, especially daily ones out west here, where nothing is inspiring of a character sensational, and where nothing is coming in by stage or slowcoach.

It was awful hot here, Saturday, before thunder cracks split a little from the overflowing clouds, and cooled off scorched creation. The main streets of town were thronged with teams and country shoppers, in the forenoon. Still they wasn't so much a doing. As for items, too hot weather and Julia Dean were the two chief subjects talked about in market or on 'change.

In notice elsewhere, it will be seen that ye junior member of the firm of Heller & Snyder has taken to himself a fair-life partner. It is doubtless the most desirable consignee, he has handled for the season—a grant that's worth the having. She granted the privilege and Snyder changed the name.

THE STATE SEAL OF VIRGINIA.—The State seal of Virginia has been materially altered by the new State Government. The device is the same, but the motto, "Sic Semper Tyrannis," has been expunged, and the words "Liberty and Union" now appear above the Goddess of Liberty, trampling upon the prostrate form of Tyranny.

The telegraph gap, beyond South Pass, was fixed for through communication the other day, but before night a lot of Indians instantaneously raided down and destroyed the line between two stations, at each of which were soldiers. It seems there needs to be a company on every mile of the road to oppose those omnipresent outlaws. They spring up everywhere least looked for, no matter how efficient is the force at each line station.

DRAMATIC.—Salt Lake City has become a great place for patronizing the drama. The peculiarity of the place and of its institutions prompts this. There's no bar, no billiard hall, no elub room, no music garden, and no nothing that attracts the patronage of amusement lovers except the theater; and therefore it is literally crowded three or four times in the week. Dancing used to be a big thing with fun loving saints and sinners, some years ago. But since Brigham built this splendid theater there seems to have been a "revelation," that dancing might give way to drama, and thus put money in the President's long purse instead of that of string bands and soiree managers. A few years ago, they used to "open the ball" before sunset, closing the doors and windows and lighting lamps to dance by. This they kept up until the wee sma' hours next morning. Now, the theater is their "strong suit."

The spacious theatre was thronged last Saturday and Friday evenings, with fashionably fair audiences, at least fifteen hundred on each occasion. The sensational play of Leah, or the forsaken jewess, was received with unbound admiration, and the acting of Mrs. Hayne as the heroine, with unparalleled applause. As # "Bianca," in *Fazio*, the feeling and effect was equally intense, in appreciation of the artistic acting of Mrs. II. and Mr. Waldron.

Miss Belle Douglas and Mrs. Leslie acquit themselves very respectfully in their respective roles, and show "the case."

Some of the gentlemen actors of Mr. Potter's troupe are trumps in certain parts, of comedy, though some of 'em are only tolerably good, compared for instance to the capital and versatile stock troupe that have amused audiences here for seasons, under the management of Mr. Caine. To be considerate, just and generous, the fact is patent that hereafter our own stock company, inspired by the genius of Mrs. Hayne and others, in their efforts to adorn and elevate the art dramatic, will be benefited by this engagement as to hereafter ride on cresting waves to shores of culture and success.

Arrivals and Departures.
PER OVERLAND STAGE LINE.
To Montana—C. W. Mather.
From Montana—Mr. Schiller.
PER OVERLAND MAIL LINE.
From the west—W. Jackman.
To the west—P. Clarke, J. L. McCrary.

MARRIED.
On Thursday evening, August 17th, 1865, at the residence of the bride's father, by Chief Justice Tipton, Mr. B. F. Snyder, to Miss Josephine Grant, both of Salt Lake City.

THEATRE!
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.
Manager, H. B. CLAWSON.
Acting Stage Manager, JOHN T. CAINE.

THE EMINENT ARTISTE
Julia Dean Hayne.
WILL APPEAR ON
TUESDAY EVENING,
August 22nd, 1865,

In her great Character of
THE COUNTESS,
IN SHERIDAN KNOWLES' BEAUTIFUL 5 ACT PLAY, ENTITLED

LOVE,
OR
THE COUNTESS AND SERF,

Supported by the popular Tragedian,
Mr. Geo. B. Waldron,
And the full strength of the
Potter Dramatic Troupe.

To conclude with the new laughable
Farce of

SWISS SWAINS!

For full particulars see Bills.

Our Office will be open this morning at 10 a. m.

for the sale of Tickets.

MONETARY.

	August 19, 1865.
VIRGINIA DRAFT (Currency).	\$20.00
" (coin drafts on N. York).	10.00
" (coin drafts on S. Fran.)	15.15
BONN DRAFT (Currency).	10.00
" (coin).	10.00
GOLD COIN (Buying at).	120.00
" (selling at).	140.00
SILVER COIN (Buying at).	110.00

Coin Drafts on New York, 8 1/2 per cent premium.

Coin Drafts on San Francisco, 10 per cent.

Gold in New York by last account July 24,

143.00

Wholesale Market Report,
Corrected daily.

Salt Lake City, August 19, 1865.

BAKON, States, large supply, \$15

BUTTER, Ranches,

BEER, Fresh,

BOOTS & SHOES, market overstocked, prices low.

COFFEE, big stock,

CANDLES, " Good Star,

CHESSES, Utah,

CHEESE, Meats,

CHEESE, Utah, States, few kept, prices nominal.

COAL OIL, Market glutted, \$1 gallon.

CLOTHING, immense stock, selling moderate.

DRY GOODS, big department in market, and more coming.

DOMESTICS, 60 to 75 cts., PRINTS, 32 cts.

EELS, Utah,

FLOUR, Utah, in considerable demand.

GUM, various kinds range from \$9.50 to 10.50

GUM, domestic and supply small.

FREIGHT, Utah, mule or oxen.

HATS & CARDS, big stock, prices nominal.

HAM, limited supply, \$15

HARDWARE, supply equal to demand.

LARD, States, large stock, No. 1,

NAILS, big stock, \$15

POTATOES, new \$15

RUGS, brown,

SUGAR, white,

SUGAR, Sorghum, \$1 gallon, \$2.00 to 2.50

SALT, Utah, \$15

TOBACCO, supply sufficient for present demands.

Fair article, \$15

WINE, Utah,

WINES AND LIQUORS, none allowed to be sold by City Ordinance except at the "City" (Church) Liquor Store!

Special Notices.

J. V. Wattson, Attorney at Law,

Office over Gem Saloon,

Salt Lake City, U. T.

July 17th.

J. O. O. F.

UTAH LODGE, No. 1, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings in Odd Fellows Hall, Main Street, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

W. KITTREDGE, N. G.

aug-7-if MAX WOHLGEMUTH, Secty.

FOR SALE.

P. SMITH & Co., House, Boise City, Idaho, have for Sale two Business Houses, centrally located on the principal street in Boise City. Each building 2 stories high and 20 feet front by 50 feet deep, situated on lots that extend back 122 feet to the Alley.

July 6th.

Government Sale

—OF—

HORSES & MULES!

—O—

BY order of Major General DODGE, Commander Department of the Missouri, I will offer for sale at Public Auction, at the Quartermaster Corral, Camp Douglas, U. T., on Saturday, August 26th, 1865, the following condemned Public Property.

Forty-three Horses,
and

SEVEN MULES.

—O—

The animals can be seen at the Corral on the day previous to the sale.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock a. m. Terms: Cash on day of sale.

D. B. STOVER,

Capt. and A. Quartermaster,

Chief Q. M., W. S. Dist. of Plains.

aug-14-td

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT

AND

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

Main street, between Market and South Temple Streets.

Supply of papers of the place, Eastern and Western PAPERS and PERIODICALS constantly on hand.

NOVELS and light LITERATURE for sale, exchange, or hire.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS!

—O—

THE NEW YORK LEDGER,

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above,

commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in the place, can be sent for by the

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.

—O—

CALL AND INQUIRE,

West Main

ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

Just as the bee collected her sweets,
With every shrub and flower she meets,
What wondrous stores we drew
We give, the rest the whole as now."

A Picture.

On the road, the lonely road,
Under the cold, white moon,
Under the arched trees he strolls,
Whistled and shifted his weary load—
Whistled a foolish tune.

There was a stop timed with his own,
A figure that stooped and bowed,
A long, white knife, that gleamed and shone,
Like a blade of lightning downward—
And the master went behind a cloud.

But the widow came out so bold and good,
That the man's soul woke and crooked—
Then scolded his father in drivvy mood;
And the brown owl called to his mate in the wood—
There's a dead man lay on the road.

The Baptist Chronicle says at an examination of girls for the rite of confirmation in the Episcopal Church, in answer to the question: "What is the outward and visible sign and form in baptism?" The reply of a bright little theologian was: "The baby, sir?"

A LADY in Claremont, New Hampshire, not long since became the mother of a fine daughter. A few days after a Copperhead neighbor happening in, said to the mother:

"Well, I, suppose you'll call it Abe Lincoln?"

"No," she replied. "I'm sorry I can't. Like your friend Jeff, it will wear petticoats!"

Copperhead yomosed.

A CERTAIN official in a certain New England city, the location of which we shall not in any way indicate, recently determined to give a little party. He was discussing with his wife the details of the supper. "I think we must have some sardines," "Sardines," said his faithful and excellent; "yes, but I never quite understood what sardines were." "Why, you know," replied the husband, "you've seen 'em. A sardine is a slice of beef with a piece of bread on each side of it!"

A "Hoss Car" ADVENTURE.—Artemus Ward had an adventure in Boston which resulted as follows:

I returned in the hoss car part of the way. A poopy girl in spectacles sat near me, and was telling a young man how much he reminded her of a young man she used to know in Warfham. Poopy soon the young man got out, and, smiling in a serious manner, I said to the girl in spectacles:

"Don't I remind you somebody you used to know?"

"Yes," she said, "you remind me of one man; he was sent to the penitentiary for stealing a barrel of masher; but he died there, so I conclud you ain't him."

I didn't pursue the conversation.

THE SALT LAKE CITY Meat Market!!

Salt Lake City.
JACOB ORNSTEIN has re-opened the splendid New Meat Market on Main Street, formerly occupied by Rosenbaum and Newman. At his Stalls and Counter will always be found the very choicest Meats to be procured in Utah; such as

Beef, Mutton, Pork, Ham, Dried Beef, Bacon, Sausage, Head-cheese, etc. etc. etc. public patronage is respectfully solicited.

JACOB ORNSTEIN.

Southern Stage LINE.

The Denver, Santa Fe Arizona Mail, Passenger and Express LINE.

Leave Denver for New Mexico, El Paso, Chihuahua, and Arizona, every Wednesday morning and arrives every Sunday night, making the trip to San Fe in from five to six days, and to Moab Valley in three to four days further.

This Line runs also to the States, via The Arkansas River Route to Kansas City, connecting with the Santa Fe and Arizona coaches, going Eastward, at San Fe's Old Post, on the Arkansas River, southern Colorado.

Fare lower than by other Lines.

WANTED.
WOOD HAULED from MILL CREEK KANYON.
Equival of W. B. Farr at Scott Kerr & Co., or Capt. Calder at Camp Douglas. Aug-1st

D. J. GOFF,
Next door north of Salt Lake House.

Dealer in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Notions of all kinds,
CIGARS AND TOBACCOES
of the best quality.

ROBERT HAWKE & CO.,
New West Bank in Dry Goods,
Groceries, Boots and Shoes, etc.
Aug-1st

STEWART & HAAS,
Wholesale Druggists & Chemists,
100 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

United States 7.30 LOAN. Third Series. \$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury,
the undersigned, the several subscribers,
Agree for the sale of United States securities,
offer to the public the third series of Treasury
Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent
interest per annum known as the

7.30 LOAN.
These notes are issued under date of July 15,
1865, and are payable three years from that date
in currency, or are convertible at the option of
the holder into

U. S. 5.20 Six per Cent.

Gold bearing Bonds.

The Bonds are now worth a handsome price,
and are exempt, as are all the Government
Bonds, from County and Municipal taxation,
which adds from one to three per cent per
annum to their value, according to the rate
of interest.

The interest is payable semi-annually by coupon attached to each note,
which may be cut off and sold to any bank or
holder.

The interest at 7.30 per cent, amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note.

Two cents per day on a \$100 note.

Ten cents " " " \$500 "

Twenty cents " " " \$1,000 "

One Dollar " " " \$5,000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be
promptly furnished upon receipt of subscription.

The notes of this Third Series are precisely
similar in form and privileges to the Seven
Thirteen and Twenty-five per cent Bonds, and
entitle the holder to the option of paying inter-

est in gold coin at 6 per cent, instead of
7.30 in currency. Subscribers will deduct the
interest in currency on to July 15th, at the

date of issue of the notes.

The delivery of the notes of this third series
of the seven thousand will commence on the first
of July, and will be made promptly and con-

tinuously after that date.

The slight charge made in the conditions of
this series of BONDS affects only the matter of
interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be
equivalent to the currency interest of the higher
rate.

The rates of specific interest, in the event of
which only with the option to pay interest in
gold be afforded, of course to reduce and even-
tuate prices that purchases made with six per cent
in gold would be fully equal to those made with
seven and three-tenths per cent in currency.

This is

The only Loan in the

MARKET.

Now offered by the Government, and its super-

advantages make it the

Great popular Loan of the People.

Less than \$230,000,000 of the Loan authorized
by Congress are now on the market. This
amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed,
when the note will be paid, will command a
premium, and will uniformly bear the cause on
paying the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and ac-
tion of every country may be offered facilities for tak-
ing up Local Loans, Bank Stock, State Bonds, and
State Banknotes throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par.

Subscribers will select their own agents, in
whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the
notes for which the recipient of the

notes for which the recipient of the

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent,
No. 114 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

je13-3m

BUTTERFIELD'S Overland DESPATCH,

TO ALL POINTS IN

Colorado, Utah, New Mexico,

Arizona, Idaho and Montana

Territories, and the

State of Nevada.

—0—

Contr. Crs can be made with this company

through their agents; to transport freight from all the

EASTERN CITIES,

To all localities in the Territories, the rate to

include Railroad and Overland carriage and all

commissions upon the Missouri River.

The Company owns its Trans-

portation and gives a

THROUGH BILL OF LADING,

Which protects the shipper from the extreme

East to the Far West.

Express Department.

About AUGUST 1st, 1865, the Company will

have a line of Express Coaches running

daily between

Atchison, Kansas and Denver, Col.;

and about September 1st to

Santa Fe, New Mexico,

and, as soon in the spring as possible, a tri-weekly

between Denver and Salt Lake City, over

which merchandise will be carried at fair express

rates.

Time to Denver Eight Days.

Mark Goods for Cattle and Mule

trains:

"BUTTERFIELD'S OV'D DESPATCH"

Mark Goods for Express:

"B. O. EXPRESS, ATCHISON."

Rates and Information,

Furnished by any of the following Agents:

William Martin, Agent, 62 Broadway N. York.

E. A. Locke, " 91 State-st. Boston.

W. H. Moore, " 40 South Fifth-st. Phil.

W. H. Moore, " 37 Cornhill, Boston.

Sidney Rice, " 1 Burnett House, Chi. Ill.

L. E. Forsyth, " 118 Main-st. St. Louis.

John A. Klumey, " Atchison, Kansas.

Chas. M. Mackie, " Maha-ta, Leavenworth.

Wm. Morow, " Denver, Colorado.

N. S. Knobhoff & Co. Salt Lake City.

E. P. Bray, 68 Broadway, N. Y. President.

W. K. Kitchen, at N. Park Bank, N. Y. Treas'r.

D. A. Butterfield, Atchison, Kas. Gen'l Supt.

je13-4m

IOWA.

STEWART & HAAS,

Wholesale Druggists & Chemists.

100 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

je13-5m

ROBERT HAWKE & CO.,

New West Bank in Dry Goods,

Groceries, Boots and Shoes, etc.

Aug-1st

lun-w

ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

Just as the bee collects her sweets,
With every shrub and flower she meets,
What wondrous stores we drew
We give, the rest the whole as now."

A Picture.

On the road, the lonely road,
Under the cold, white moon,

Under the arched trees he strolls,

Whistled and shifted his weary load—

Whistled a foolish tune.

There was a stop timed with his own,

A figure that stooped and bowed,

A long, white knife, that gleamed and shone,

Like a blade of lightning downward—

And the master went behind a cloud.

But the widow came out so bold and good,

That the man's soul woke and crooked—

Then scolded his father in drivvy mood;

And the brown owl called to his mate in the wood—

There's a dead man lay on the road.

The Baptist Chronicle says at an examination of girls for the rite of confirmation in the Episcopal Church, in answer to the question: "What is the outward and visible sign and form in baptism?" The reply of a bright little theologian was: "The baby, sir?"

A LADY in Claremont, New Hampshire, not long since became the mother of a fine daughter. A few days after a Copperhead neighbor happening in, said to the mother:

"Well, I, suppose you'll call it Abe Lincoln?"

"No," she replied. "I'm sorry I can't. Like your friend Jeff, it will wear petticoats!"

Copperhead yomosed.

A CERTAIN official in a certain New England city, the location of which we shall not in any way indicate, recently determined to give a little party. He was discussing with his wife the details of the supper. "I think we must have some sardines," "Sardines," said his faithful and excellent; "yes, but I never quite understood what sardines were." "Why, you know," replied the husband, "you've seen 'em. A sardine is a slice of beef with a piece of bread on each side of it!"

A "Hoss Car" ADVENTURE.—Artemus Ward had an adventure in Boston which resulted as follows: